

# LBB11H Low Temperature Black Body Calibrator



## TEMPSENS INSTRUMENT (I) PVT. LTD UNIT II

A-190 ROAD #5, MIA UDAIPUR, 313003, INDIA

Phone: +91-294-3052959

Fax: +91-294-3052950

User's Guide

Email: tech@tempsens.com

Web: www.tempsens.com



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## **Table of Contents**

| Preface                               | 6  |
|---------------------------------------|----|
| Safety Information                    |    |
| Electrical Safety                     |    |
| Health and Safety Instructions        |    |
| Cautions and Preventions              |    |
| Document Conventions                  |    |
| Chapter 1                             | 10 |
| Introduction                          | 10 |
| 1.1 About LBB11H                      | 10 |
| 1.2 Basic Working Model of LBB11H     | 11 |
| 1.3 Physical Measurements             | 12 |
| 1.4 Wiring Diagram                    | 13 |
| 1.5 Technical Specifications          | 14 |
| Chapter 2                             | 15 |
| Setting Up LBB11H                     | 15 |
| 2.1 Installation                      | 15 |
| 2.2 Optimal Environmental Conditions  | 15 |
| 2.3 Unpacking and Initial Inspection  | 16 |
| 2.4 Operating Instructions            | 17 |
| 2.5 Initial testing                   | 1  |
| Chapter 3                             | 19 |
| Optics                                | 19 |
| 3.1 Distance of pyrometer from object | 21 |
| 3.2 Viewing Angles                    | 22 |



| Chapter 4                             | 23 |
|---------------------------------------|----|
| Operating LBB11H                      | 23 |
| 4.1 Turning On the Unit               | 23 |
| 4.2 Heating Up the Source             | 23 |
| 4.3 Operating Instructions            | 24 |
| 4.4 Cooling Down the Source           | 25 |
| Chapter 5                             | 26 |
| Operating Unit Controller             | 26 |
| 5.1 Front Panel layout of controller  | 26 |
| 5.2 The Temperature Controller        | 26 |
| 5.3 Altering the Set point            | 26 |
| 5.4 Monitoring the Controller Status  | 27 |
| 5.5 Temperature Units                 | 27 |
| Chapter 6                             | 28 |
| Digital Communication                 | 28 |
| 6.1 Digital Communications Wiring     | 28 |
| 6.2 Digital communication parameters. | 29 |
| Chapter 7                             | 30 |
| Software Installation                 | 30 |
| 7.1 Installation                      | 30 |
| 7.2 Parameters on Main Screen         | 30 |
| Chapter 8                             | 32 |
| Service & Maintenance                 | 32 |
| 8.1 Routine service                   | 32 |
| 8.2 Replacing Controlling Sensor      | 32 |
| 8.3 Replacing Solid State Relay       | 32 |
| Chapter 9                             | 37 |
| Troubleshooting LBB11H                | 37 |
| 9.1 LBB11H unit does not turn on      | 37 |





| 9.2 The LBB11H unit is not stable                        | 37 |
|--|----|
| 9.3 The temperature of the Calibrator Unit does not rise | 37 |
| Appendix A: Calibration Services                         | 39 |
| In House Calibration Facility                            | 39 |
| On-site Calibration Facility                             | 40 |
| Fixed-point Calibration Facilities                       | 40 |
| Appendix B: Warranty                                     | 43 |
| Limit of Liability                                       | 43 |
| Caution in Usina the Product                             | 43 |



## **Preface**

Welcome to the Low temperature Black body Calibrator (LBB11H) user guide. This guide provides detailed information about all the product options and features, and explains how to use the product and configure basic settings to suit your requirements.

This user manual contains information about the product and its proper use and should be kept in a place where it will be easy to access. This user manual also provides safety precautions in using this product.

## **Safety Information**

This chapter contains important information for the safety. If the instructions contained are not followed properly, particularly the safety guidelines, it could result in serious personal injury or can cause serious damage to the unit and to the components of system it is connected to. Use the instrument only as specified in this manual. Otherwise, the protection provided by the instrument may be impaired. Refer to the safety information below and throughout the manual.

In order to assure the device operates safely, the operator needs to act effectively and be conscious of safety problems.

The terms "Warning" and "Caution" have the following definition:

- "Warning" indicates conditions or behaviors that could endanger the user.
- "Caution" denotes situations or behaviors that may endanger the instrument in use.

The following safety symbols may appear on LBB11H unit:

| Symbol   | YMBOL DESCRIPTION                                    |         | DESCRIPTION                               |
|--|--|---------|---|
| $ \textcircled{$\stackrel{\wedge}{\mathbf{A}}$}$ | Risk of Danger. Important information.<br>See Manual | A       | Hazardous voltage. Risk of electric shock |
| Caution, Hot Surface                             |  | <b></b> | Protective Earth Ground                   |



## **Electrical Safety A**

## **WARNING:**

- Before using this equipment, make sure it is properly grounded. Make sure the ground conductor
  wire (colored green/yellow) in the main power cable is connected to a protective earth/ground. If
  the equipment is not properly grounded, the high voltage may flow through the equipment body
  (chassis). If safety procedures are not followed, SEVERE INJURY OR DEATH may occur.
- Do not remove the panels from the equipment without proper safety measures to avoid internal main power supply voltage hazard.

Follow these precautions to avoid electric shock or personal injury:

- This equipment uses protective earth circuit to ensure that the conductive parts do not store electric charges or conduct electricity if insulation fails.
- Before connecting the equipment to the electricity supply, understand the parts of the calibrator with the help of operating manual.
- Use power cables only with appropriate voltage and power rating, and that are approved for usage in your country.
- Replace the main power cable if the insulation is damaged, or if the insulation shows signs of wear and tear.
- DO NOT put the product at the location where access to the main power is blocked.
- DO NOT use an extension cord or adapter plug.
- DO NOT use the product if it operates incorrectly.
- Make sure the power cord does not touch the hot parts of the product.



## **Health and Safety Instructions**



WARNING: BURN HAZARD - DO NOT touch the well access surface of the unit at high temperature

To avoid possible health and safety concerns, follow these guidelines.

- Wear appropriate protective clothing before using the equipment.
- Operators of this equipment should be adequately trained in the handling of hot and cold items and liquids.
- Do not use the apparatus for jobs other than those for which it was designed, that is, the calibration of thermometers.
- Do not handle the apparatus when it is hot (or cold), without wearing the appropriate protective clothing and having the necessary training.
- Do not drill, modify or otherwise change the shape of the apparatus.
- Do not use the apparatus outside its recommended temperature range.
- After use, do not return the apparatus to its carrying case until the unit has cooled down.
- There are no user serviceable parts inside. When required, contact Tempsens agent for repair.
- Ensure all materials, especially flammable materials are kept away from the hot parts of the apparatus, to prevent fire risk.
- Do not use the product around explosive gas, vapor, or in damp or wet environments.
- Make sure that the space around the product meets minimum space requirements.
- DO NOT turn off the unit at temperatures higher than 50°C. This could create a hazardous situation. Select a set-point less than 50°C and allow the unit to cool before turning it off.
- The top sheet metal of the furnace may exhibit extreme temperatures for areas close to the well access.
- Materials used in this furnace may be irritating to skin, eyes, and respiratory tract. Consult the
  material manufacturer's Material Safety Data Sheet (MSDS) to learn about those materials before
  using.



#### **Cautions and Preventions**

To avoid possible damage to the instrument, follow these guidelines:

- Before working inside the equipment, turn the power off and disconnect the power cord.
- DO NOT turn the unit upside down with the inserts in place; the inserts will fall out of the unit.
- Use of this instrument at HIGH TEMPERATURES for extended periods of time requires caution.
- Completely unattended high temperature operation is not recommended for safety reasons.
- DO NOT plug the unit into 230 V if the heater switches and fuse holder reads 115 V. This action will cause the fuses to blow and may damage the instrument.
- Components and heater lifetime can be shortened by continuous high temperature operation.
- DO NOT use fluids to clean out the well.
- Never introduce foreign material into the probe hole of the insert. Fluids and other materials can leak into the calibrator causing damage.
- DO NOT drop or force the probe stems into the well. This type of action can cause a shock to the sensor and affect the calibration.

#### **Document Conventions**

The documentation uses the following conventions.

| Note:      | Configuration notes  |
|------------|--|
| Tip:       | Recommendations or suggestions   |
| Important: | Information regarding required or default configuration settings and product limitations |
| WARNING:   | Critical actions and configuration options   |
| WARNING:   |  |



## Introduction

#### 1.1 About LBB11H

The **LBB11H** has been designed to provide stable and accurate temperature source for on-site and laboratory calibration of radiation thermometers by comparison method upto a temperature range 100°C

The **LBB11H** model has been designed in single part. This model provides an isothermal enclosure in which the non contact pyrometers can be checked against the temperature of the calibration black body. For traceable calibration a master pyrometer should be used. The unit's features emissivity of 0.98 thus offering the closest approximation of a target surface that is a perfect emitter of infrared energy. This model is suitable for onsite and the laboratory use for stable temperature readings.

The 'CALsys' models are part of wide range of portable calibrators designed and made by us. Please contact us in case you required more information about our other products.







### 1.2 Basic Working Model of LBB11H:

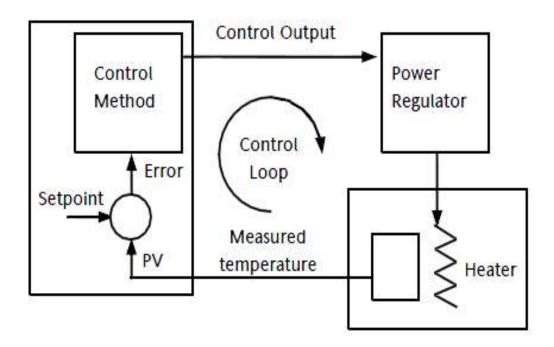
The purpose of the LBB11H is to provide an isothermal enclosure for calibration purpose. The black body contains a heater and a control sensor that are used by the temperature controller to sense the black body temperature. To obtain and maintain a required temperature the controller varies the power to the heater via solid-state relay. There is one electricity driven fan which is situated under the heating chamber for cooling the heater. The fan runs continuously.

The calibrator controller uses a precision N-type thermocouple as a controlling sensor and controls the well temperature with MI heater. The LBB11H Black body calibrator was designed for portability, moderate cost and ease of operation. With proper use, the instrument should provide continued accurate calibration of temperature sensors and devices.



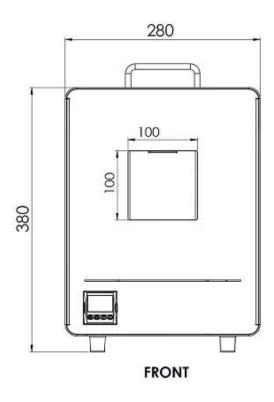
Before using the equipment, read the safety guidelines and operating procedures of the calibrator as described in the **Preface** of this user manual.

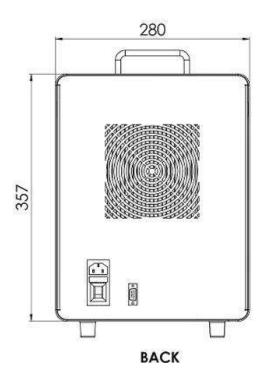
The basic working model for LBB11H is as follows:





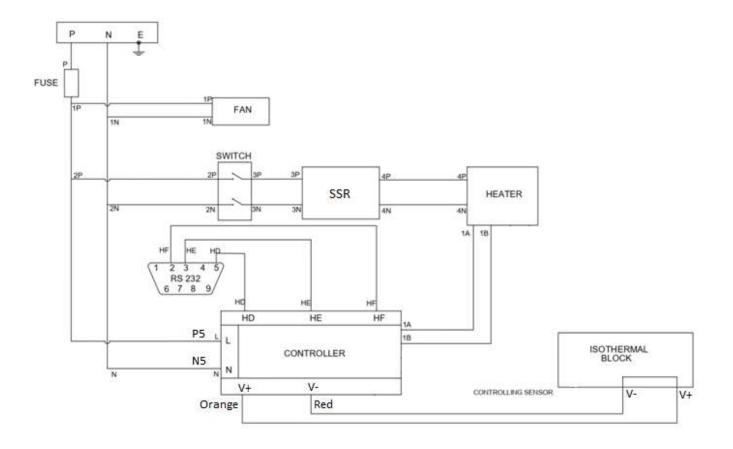
## **1.3 Physical Measurement:**







## 1.4 Wiring Diagram





## **1.5 Technical Specification**

| PARAMETER                      | SPECIFICATION            |
|--------------------------------|--------------------------|
| Voltage                        | 230 V AC±10              |
| Power                          | 2 KW                     |
| Supply Frequency               | 50/60 Hz                 |
| Temperature Range              | 50 to 500°C              |
| Resolution                     | 0.1 °C                   |
| Stability                      | ±0.1 °C                  |
| Uniformity                     | ±2°C at 400°C            |
| Controlling sensor             | Thermocouple             |
| Time to reach max. temperature | 30 min                   |
| Operating temperature          | 20 to 30 °C              |
| Controller Specifications      | Eurotherm PID controller |
| Emissivity                     | 0.98(±0.01)              |
| Computer interface             | RS-232                   |
| Emitter Area                   | 100x100 mm               |
| Weight                         | Approx 15 kg             |



## **Setting Up LBB11H**

#### 2.1 Installation

Place the black body on a flat surface with at least 10 inches of free space around the instrument. Overhead clearance is required.

**DO NOT** Place this unit under a cabinet or structure. Plug the power cord into a grounded mains outlet located on the controlling unit rear panel. Observe that the nominal voltage corresponds to that indicated in the technical specifications in the user's guide.

## 2.2 Optimal Environmental Conditions

Although the instrument has been designed for optimum durability and trouble-free operation, it must be handled with care. The instrument should not be operated in an excessively dusty or dirty environment. Maintenance and cleaning recommendations can be found in the Maintenance Section of this manual.

The instrument operates safely under the following conditions:

> Temperature range: 5 - 50°C (41 - 122°F)

Ambient relative humidity: 15 - 50%

Pressure: 75kPa - 106kPa

➤ Mains voltage within ± 10% of nominal

Vibrations in the calibration environment should be minimized

Altitude less than 2000 meters

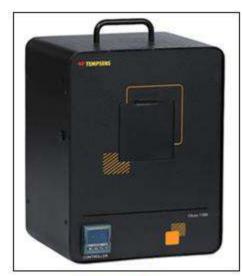


## 2.3 Unpacking and Initial Inspection:

Our packing department uses custom designed packaging to send out your unit. You are advised, after unpacking the unit, to inspect it for any sign of damage, and confirm that your delivery is in accordance with the packing note. Unpack the Furnace carefully and inspect. If you find any damage or any item is missing notify us or our agent.

After unpacking you will find the following accessories.

- LBB11H
- RS-232 Cable
- Manual
- Certificates





LBB11H

RS 232



### 2.4 Operating Instructions

- 1. Open the carrying case carefully and takeout the operating manual from the box and read carefully.
- 2. Take out the Black Body Temperature Calibrator unit carefully and keep it at suitable place.
- 3. Connect the power cable to the rear power entry and the power plug to the main power outlet.
- 4. Turn the switch on, and observe the display on the controller. The display shows that the bath is ready for use.
- 5. Keep the switch in the ON position.
- 6. Keep the fan in ON position.
- 7. If the fan is running and temperature of the furnace is rising, the black body is in healthy condition.



- The unit must be correctly connected to the electricity supply.
- The unit must be correctly grounded.
- The unit's ON/OFF switch is located on the power inlet. DO NOT switch OFF the unit when it is hot. Keep the unit running until cooled.

### **Initial Testing**

This unit is fully tested before dispatching. However, verify its operation as follows:

- 1. After connecting the LBB11H to the electricity supply, the temperature controller display should show the temperature of the Black Body, and the last set-point value. The fan on the bottom should be heard running.
- 2. Change the set-point to 100°C and observe that the black body temperature rises and settles to this value.
- 3. If the unit performs as expected, the unit can now be used for calibration.

If any problems or faults arise during the test, contact Tempsens immediately for help and advice.



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## **Optics**

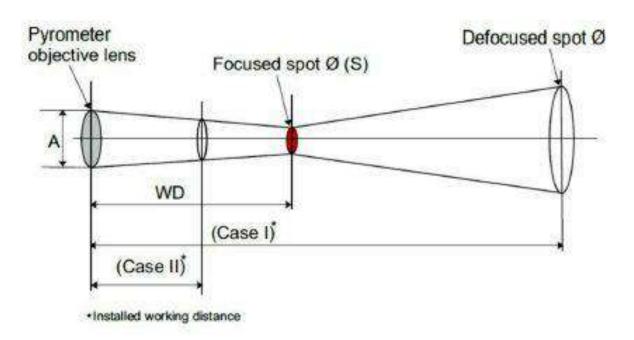
The pyrometer measures the temperature by receiving heat radiation from the object whose temperature has to be measured. This heat radiation is passed through the lens sensor and then converted to an electrical signal. The farther the measured object is from the pyrometer, the larger the area that will be measured by the pyrometer. Depending on customer need, the pyrometer is designed with fixed optics.

Table 1: Some fixed optics focus is as below

| Spot Sizes(mm)                         |                                  |                                   |   |                                   |
|--|----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|---|-----------------------------------|
| Manufactured working distances WD (mm) | A250<br>210°C - 1350°C<br>(50:1) | A250<br>250°C - 1800°C<br>(100:1) | A250<br>300°C - 2500°C<br>350°C - 3000°C<br>(200:1) | A450<br>600°C - 2500°C<br>(200:1) |
| 350                                    | 7                                | 3.5                               | 1.75  | 1.75                              |
| 700                                    | 10                               | 5                                 | 2.5   | 2.5                               |
| 500                                    | 14                               | 7                                 | 3.5   | 3.5                               |
| 800                                    | 16                               | 8                                 | 4   | 4                                 |
| 1000                                   | 20                               | 10                                | 5   | 5                                 |
| 1500                                   | 30                               | 15                                | 7.5   | 7.5                               |
| 2000                                   | 40                               | 20                                | 10  | 10                                |
| 2500                                   | 50                               | 25                                | 12.5  | 12.5                              |
| 3000                                   | 60                               | 30                                | 15  | 15                                |
| 5000                                   | 100                              | 50                                | 25  | 25                                |



| Aperture(A) | 11 | 11 | 11 (300 - 2500°C)<br>4 (350 - 3000°C) | 12(600 - 2500°C) |
|-------------|----|----|---------------------------------------|------------------|



Manufactured working distance is mention on pyrometer.

If the pyrometer is not installed at manufactured working distance (WD) then spot size at actual installed distance should be calculated. For example, if factory made working distance is 500 mm & pyrometer is AST A250 (250 - 1800°C) then spot size is 5mm (as given in table). If user installed this pyrometer at 1000mm then spot size is not 10mm (as given in table), user should have to calculate as given below method.

Case-I: If installed working distance is greater than manufactured working distance

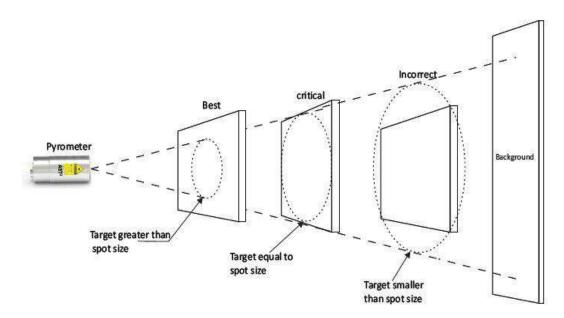


#### Case-II: If installed working distance is smaller than manufactured working distance

Where, S = manufactured spot size of pyrometer(mm), A = It shows the value of lens opening (aperture in mm)

#### 3.1 Distance of pyrometer from object

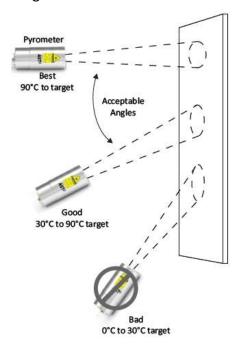
The desired spot size on the target will determine the maximum measurement distance and the focal length of the optical module. To avoid wrong readings the spot size of target must contain entire field view of the pyrometer. The pyrometer must be mounted so the entire field of view is the same or smaller than the desired target size. This is indicated in the below diagram.





## **3.2 Viewing Angles**

The pyrometer can be placed at any angle from the target object up to 30°. Indicated in the below diagram.





## **Operating LBB11H**

### 4.1 Turning On the Unit

- 1. Before plugging the unit to main power outlet, ensure that the voltage, frequency and current from the main power outlet are within the recommended rages (typically: 230 VAC±10, 50/60 Hz).
- 2. Plug the black main power cord into main outlet.
- 3. Turn the controller on using the switch located on the controlling section, and set the temperature value in the controller. The Calibrator will turn on and begin to heat the previously programmed temperature set-point.



## 4.2 Heating Up the Source

Press "**UP**" or "**DOWN**" key of controller to change the set-point value. The controller switches the calibrator heater to ON or OFF to raise or lower the temperature. The displayed temperature will gradually change until it reaches the set-point temperature.

The Calibrator may require 15 to 20 minutes to reach the set-point depending on the span. The unit takes 15 to 20 minutes more to stabilize the Black Body temperature within  $\pm$  0.1°C of the set-point.





#### Note:

 All other controller parameters are set to default, and are locked. It is recommended not to change these parameters.

#### Important:

- When the source is operated at any temperature above ambient temperature, the front face and plate become hot.
- Always put the fan in "ON" condition and do not switch off the main power supply directly. Before tuning the unit off, set the controller to 0°C, and then wait until the temperature drops below 100°C.

### 4.3 Operating Instruction

- 1. Connect the LBB11H to a suitable power supply. ON the Mains switch located at back side with power entry.
- 2. Set the desire temperature value in PID by using UP & Down key.
- 3. Aim the reference (Master) standard infrared temperature sensor to the target area.
- 4. PV (Present value) display in controller will gradually rise until it reaches the set point temperature. The controller takes some times to reach the set-point depending on the span. Furnace is stable when PV is equal to SV (Set Value).
- 5. Master sensor takes some time to reach the set point temperature and stable at temperature near about controller set temperature.
- 6. When temperature of the master and UUC (Unit under calibration) are stable record the readings of master sensor.
- 7. Compare the UUC reading with the master's reading & find out the error by comparison method.
- 8. Reset the controller and / or repeat the calibration for another calibration point or for another sensor.
- 9. When the calibration is complete, reset the controller to 20°C & wait until the unit has cooled to below 50°C, before moving the LBB11H to new location the LBB11H must be cooled below 50°C before it can be put back into its carrying case.





Always use a reference IR thermometer for comparison calibration method.

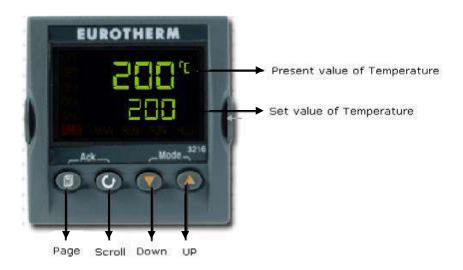
## 4.4 Cooling Down the Source 🛦

- Ensure that the temperature of Black Body has cooled sufficiently.
- If you require Black Body to cool quickly, set the temperature to the room temperature (ambient temperature).
- Always cool the heated instrument to ambient temperature before disconnecting it from the mains, switching it OFF, or removing the temperature sensor or test item.
- Always keep the heated instrument supervised and under observation until it cools down sufficiently.



## **Operating Unit Controller**

### **5.1 Front Panel Layout**



**Operator Button** 

## **5.2** The Temperature Controller

The upper display of the controller indicates the measured temperature, the middle display indicates the desired temperature or set point and lower display shows output power demand.

## 5.3 Altering the Set point

To change the set point of the controller simply use the UP and DOWN keys to raise and lower the set point to the required value. The lower display changes to indicate the new set point.



## **5.4 Monitoring the Controller Status**

A row of beacons indicate the controller status as follows:

**OP1 Heat Output** 

OP2 Cool Output (only for models which operate below 0°C)

REM This beacon indicates activity on the PC interface

## **5.5 Temperature units**

Momentary pressing of the Scroll key will show the controller units °C or °F.



The controller's function settings are preset and will not require adjustment.



## **Digital Communication**

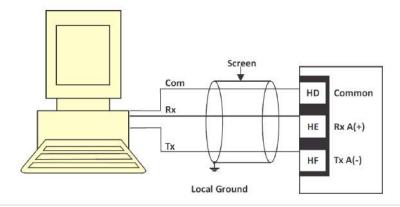
Digital Communication allows the controller to communicate with a PC or a networked computer system through RS-232 (or EIA232) protocol. RS-232 (or EIA232) is a standard communication protocol for linking computer and its peripheral devices to allow serial data exchange. RS-232 communication is not available if Remote Set point is fitted. The cable screen should be grounded at one point only to prevent earth loops.

## **6.1 Digital Communications Wiring**

To use EIA232 (or RS-232), the PC will be equipped with an EIA232 port, usually referred to as COM 1. To construct a cable for EIA232 operation use a three core screened cable. The terminals used for EIA232 digital communications are listed in the table below. Some PC's use a 25-way connector although the 9 way is more common.

| STANDARD CABLE | PC SOCKET PIN NO. |        | PC Function*                | INSTRUMENT | INSTRUMENT    |
|----------------|-------------------|--------|-----------------------------|------------|---------------|
| Color          | 9 Way             | 25 WAY | PC FUNCTION 1               | TERMINAL   | FUNCTION      |
| White          | 2                 | 3      | Receive (RX)                | HF         | Transmit (TX) |
| Black          | 3                 | 2      | Transmit (TX)               | HE         | Receive (RX)  |
| Red            | 5                 | 7      | Common                      | HD         | Common        |
|                | 1                 | 6      | Received line signal detect |            |               |
| Link Together  | 4                 | 8      | Data terminal ready         |            |               |
|                | 6                 | 11     | Data set ready              |            |               |
| Link Tagathar  | 7                 | 4      | Request to send             |            |               |
| Link Together  | 8                 | 5      | Clear to send               |            |               |
| Screen         |                   | 1      | Ground                      |            |               |

<sup>\*</sup> These are the functions that are normally assigned to socket pins. Check your PC manual to confirm.





## **6.2 Digital Communications Parameters**

The following table shows the available parameters.

| Digital Co | mmunication List (comn           | ns)  |                  |  |          |                 |
|------------|----------------------------------|--|------------------|--|----------|-----------------|
| Name       | Scrolling Display                | Parameter Description  | Value            |  | Default  | Access<br>Level |
| ID         | MODULE IDENTITY                  | Communication Identity   | nonE             | No module fitted   | As order | Conf L3         |
|            |                                  |  | R232             | RS232 Modbus interface   | code     | R/O             |
|            |                                  |  | R485             | EIA485 Modbus interface  |          |                 |
|            |                                  |  | r422             | EIA422 Modbus<br>3216<br>only  | -        |                 |
|            |                                  |  | Dc,P             | Remote set-point input. If fitted this ID replaces the above and no further parameters are shown |          |                 |
| Addr       | COMMUNICATION<br>ADDRESS         | Communication address of the instrument  | 1 to 254         | 7  | 7        | L3              |
| BAUD       | COMMUNICATION                    | Communication Baud   | 1200             | 1200   | 9600     |                 |
|            | BAUD RATE Rate                   | 2400   | 2400             | 7  |          |                 |
|            |                                  |  | 4800 4800        | 4800   | 1        |                 |
|            |                                  |  | 9600             | 9600   |          |                 |
|            |                                  |  | 19.20            | 19.20  |          |                 |
| PRTY       | COMMUNICATION                    | Communication Parity   | nonE             | No Parity  | nonE     |                 |
|            | PARITY                           |  | EvEn             | Even Parity  |          |                 |
|            |                                  |  | Odd              | Odd Parity   |          |                 |
| DELAY      | RX/TX DELAY TIME                 | To insert a delay between  | Off              | No Delay   |          | Conf L3         |
|            |                                  | receiver (Rx) and transmitter (Tx) to ensure that drivers have sufficient time to switch over. | On               | Fixed Delay Applied  |          | R/O             |
| RE Tran    | COMMS RETRANS                    | Master Comms Broadcast   | nonE             | None   | nonE     |                 |
|            | MISSION                          | parameter see section 15.2.1   | WSP              | Working setpoint   | =        |                 |
|            | 15.2.1                           | рU   | Process variable | 1  |          |                 |
|            |                                  | OP   | Output Demand    |  |          |                 |
|            |                                  |  | Err              | Error  | 1        |                 |
| REGAD      | COMMS RETRANS<br>MISSION ADDRESS | Parameter added in slave address to which the master communication value will be written       | O to 99          | 99   |          |                 |



## **Software Installation**

The provided Tempsens software offers possibilities to connect furnace temperature bath and change set point, maximum time span, view real time graph and evaluate measuring data.

#### 7.1 Installation

Install the calibration software using the installation guide file. After installing the software, start the application. **CalSoft Temsense Instruments** screen appears, as shown in - Main screen *Figure 1*.



Figure 1 - Main screen



Figure 2 - PC ComPort



Figure 3 - Controller Version

#### 7.2 Parameters on Main Screen

Communication between the furnace and the software is implemented via RS-232 cable connected between the furnace and the PC serial port. This enables the acquisition and recording of data, as well as the transfer of commands from the software application to the Tempsens furnace.

To communicate between the furnace and software application, select correct **COM port** (as shown in *Figure 2*) and Controller Version (**3216**) (as shown in *Figure 3*), and then click **Connect**.

To set the temperature of furnace as per your requirement, type the required temperature in **Set Point (°C)** field, and click **Set**.



PVI Value displays the current present value of furnace temperature.

The **Scale Trend** section enables you to configure **Y-Axis Min** (minimum value: **0**), **Y-Axis Max** (maximum value: **1500**), **Maximum Time Span** of data logging up to 120 minutes, and then click the **Start Graph** button. After completing the task, click **Save To File** to save settings to file. See *Figure 4*.



Figure 4 - Scale Trend Window

File will be stored in .xls format to save previous record. See Figure 5.

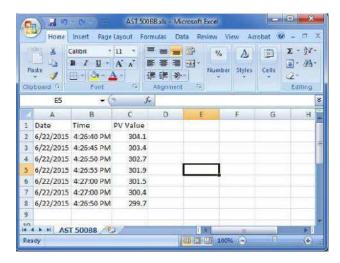


Figure 5 - Record in .xls Format



## **Service & Maintenance**

#### 8.1 Routine service

Turn the electricity supply off before attempting any cleaning operation. The only moving part in this unit is fan, which is sealed for life.

Depending on the environment in which **LBB11H** is used, periodic cleaning is recommended. Cleaning may be accomplished by the use of a small dry paint brush. The instrument should be periodically checked to ensure it is in good order both mechanically and electrically.

## 8.2 Replacing Controlling Sensor

Use the following steps to replace the controlling thermocouple sensor in the Calibrator Unit:

- 1. Disconnect the Calibrator Unit is from electrical supply.
- 2. Remove the cover of the Calibrator Unit.
- 3. Disconnect the thermocouple from the connector black body.
- 4. Remove the thermocouple from the heating chamber present inside by unscrewing the fitting.
- 5. Insert and fit the new thermocouple into the heating chamber.
- 6. Reconnect the new thermocouple to the connector black body.
- 7. Place the cover back on the Calibrator Unit.
- 8. Reconnect the furnace to the electrical supply.

### 8.3 Replacing Solid State Relay

Use the following steps to replace the sod state relay in the Calibrator Unit:

- 1. Disconnect the Calibrator Unit from the electrical supply.
- 2. Remove the cover of the furnace.
- 3. Locate the solid state relay.
- 4. Note down the wire positions and then disconnect the wires.
- 5. Remove the faulty relay and replace it with a new one.
- 6. Tighten the fixing screws.





- 7. Refit the wires back in position as you noted in step 4 of this procedure.
- 8. Place the cover back on the Calibrator Unit.
- 9. Reconnect the furnace to the electrical supply.



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## **Troubleshooting LBB11H**

#### 9.1 LBB11H unit does not turn on

If the LBB11H unit does not turn on or operate as usual, check if the fuse is broken, and replace the fuse if necessary. If the fuse breaks repeatedly, contact Tempsens for technical support.

### 9.2 The LBB11H unit is not stable

If the LBB11H is not stable or the temperature varies too often, the control parameters might have been modified. If this happens, contact Tempsens for technical support.

## 9.3 The temperature of the Calibrator Unit does not rise

If the temperature of the Calibrator Unit does not rise, ensure the following:

- 1. The power cord is tightly fitted at the power entry location on the Calibrator Unit.
- 2. The power switch is turned ON.

If the temperature of the Calibrator Unit still does not rise even after you have inspecting and fitting the power cord and power switch, the reason can be one of the following:

The heating element is not firmly closed. If the heating element is open, close it properly.

The thermocouple is not firmly closed. If the thermocouple is open, close it properly.

The Controller Unit may be not display correct reading.

The SSR is damaged.

If the Calibrator Unit does not function properly, contact Tempsens immediately for technical support.



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## **Appendix A: Calibration Services**

Tempsens Calibration Center is an independent unit of Tempsens instruments (I) Pvt. Ltd, having laboratories at Udaipur, Vadodara & Bangalore. It is accredited for wide range of temperature calibration services.

It is the only private sector Laboratory in the country with accredited Fixed Point Temperature Calibration Facilities. The lab has highly stable calibration furnaces, measuring instruments and accurate master sensors traceable to National and International Standards.

The calibration center functions as per ISO 17025 / NABL standards. Calibration of contact type sensors can be made in temperature range of -196°C to 1600°C and Calibration of non-contact type sensors can be made in temperature range 0°C to 2900°C. Further the laboratory is accredited for onsite temperature calibration.

The lab offers both at Lab & On-Site Calibration of Furnace/Bath from -80°C to 1600°C and Black Body Calibration from 50°C to 1700°C.

Furnace/Chamber Calibration (TUS) with multiple sensors from -80°C to 1200°C is also in the scope of the lab.

#### In House Calibration Facility

| QUALITY MEASURED / INSTRUMENTS  | TEMPERATURE RANGE | CALIBRATION & MEASUREMENT CAPABILITY |
|---------------------------------|-------------------|--------------------------------------|
| Contact Type RTD, Thermocouples | -196°C            | 0.05°C                               |
| Thermometers                    | -80 to -38°C      | 0.03°C                               |
|                                 | -38°C to 0°C      | 0.03°C                               |
|                                 | >0°C to 140°C     | 0.04°C                               |
|                                 | >140°C to 250°C   | 0.04°C                               |
|                                 | >250°C to 650°C   | 0.12°C                               |
|                                 | >650°C to 1200°C  | 1.30°C                               |
|                                 | >1200°C to 1600°C | 2.60°C                               |
| Non-Contact Type Pyrometer      | 0°C to 250°C      | 1.5°C                                |
|                                 | >250°C to 500°C   | 2.4°C                                |
|                                 | >500°C to 1500°C  | 2.5°C                                |
|                                 | >1500°C to 1700°C | 3.2°C                                |
|                                 | >1700°C to 2900°C | 4.0°C                                |



### **On-site Calibration Facility**

| QUALITY MEASURED / INSTRUMENTS  | TEMPERATURE RANGE   | CALIBRATION & MEASUREMENT CAPABILITY           |
|---|---|--|
| Contact Type RTD, Thermocouples Thermometers                                      | -25°C to 0°C<br>>0°C to 140°C<br>>140°C to 250°C<br>>250°C to 650°C<br>>650°C to 1200°C | 0.07°C<br>0.04°C<br>0.09°C<br>0.12°C<br>1.30°C |
| Non-Contact Type Pyrometer  | 0°C to 250°C<br>>250°C to 500°C<br>>500°C to 1200°C                                     | 1.50°C<br>2.40°C<br>2.5°C                      |
| Multipoint Position Calibration of Chamber, Oven, Furnaces (Thermal Mapping(TUS)) | -80°C to 200°C<br>>200°C to 1200°C  | 2.8°C<br>4.1°C                                 |

## **Fixed-point Calibration Facilities**

| QUALITY MEASURED / INSTRUMENTS                          | TEMPERATURE RANGE   | CALIBRATION & MEASUREMENT CAPABILITY                     |
|---|---|--|
| Calibration of SPRT/PRTS/thermocouple and so on.        | Triple Point of Water (0.01°C)  Melting Point of Gallium (29.7646°C)  Freezing Point of Tin (231.928°C)  Freezing Point of Zinc (419.527°C)  Freezing Point of Aluminum (660.323°C) | 0.0038°C<br>0.0065°C<br>0.0065°C<br>0.0071°C<br>0.0075°C |
| Calibration of Thermocouple at<br>Secondary Fixed Point | Melting Point of Gold (1064.18 °C)>1500°C to<br>1700°C<br>>1700°C to 2900°C<br>Melting Point of Palladium(1554.8  | 0.72°C2.5°C<br>3.2°C<br>4.0°C<br>0.83°C                  |



## **Appendix B: Warranty**

This instrument has been manufactured to exacting standards and is warranted for twelve months against electrical breakdown or mechanical failure caused through defective material or workmanship, provided the failure is not the result of misuse. In the event of failure covered by this warranty, the instrument must be returned, carriage paid, to the supplier for examination and will be replaced or repaired at our option.

FRAGILE CERAMIC AND/OR GLASS PARTS ARE NOT COVERED BY THIS GUARANTEE

INTERFERENCE WITH OR FAILURE TO PROPERLY MAINTAIN THIS INSTRUMENT MAY INVALIDATE THIS GUARANTEE

#### **Limit of Liability**

TEMPSENS is not liable for any damages that arise from the use of any examples or processes mentioned in these Specifications are subject to change without notice.

#### Caution in Using the Product

TEMPSENS PRODUCTS ARE INTENDED FOR USE BY TECHNICALLY TRAINED AND COMPETENT PERSONNEL FAMILIAR WITH GOOD MEASUREMENT PRACTICES.

IT IS EXPECTED THAT PERSONNEL USING THIS EQUIPMENT WILL BE COMPETENT WITH THE MANAGEMENT OF APPARATUS WHICH MAY BE POWERED OR UNDER EXTREMES OF TEMPERATURE, AND ARE ABLE TO APPRECIATE THE HAZARDS WHICH MAY BE ASSOCIATED WITH, AND THE PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN WITH, SUCH EQUIPMENT





### TEMPSENS INSTRUMENT (I) PVT. LTD

A-190 ROAD NO. 5 MIA UDAIPUR 313003 INDIA

TEL. +91 294 3052959 FAX +912943052950

Email: tech@tempsens.com